# 6426 <br> BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION <br> JUNE - 2019 <br> DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING QUANTITY SURVEYING <br> FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION 

PART - A $\quad(3 \mathrm{~m} \times 10=30 \mathrm{~m})$
Note 1:Answer all questions and each question carries 3 marks
2:Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed 5 simple sentences

1. Prepare the approximate estimate of a proposed construction of a building having plinth area of $110 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ and cost per unit area is RS. 1900/-
2. State the units of measurements of the following items
a) D.P.C of Specified width \& thickness
b) R.C.C
c) Rough Stone pitching
3. calculate the length of the members DC, EG and DG for the truss shown in the figure below

4. Calculate the quantity of sand required for filling in basement for the room of size $4.5 \mathrm{~m} \times 3.5 \mathrm{~m}$, if the height and thickness of the basement are 0.65 m and 0.45 m respectively. The thickness of the wall is 0.3 m .
5. Define the terms
A) Analysis of rates
B) Standard data book
6. Calculate the weight of two legged stirrup of $\mathbf{8 m m}$ dia. for simply supported beam of size $300 \times 550 \mathrm{~mm}$. Concrete cover at all sides is 40 mm and unit weight of rod is $0.39 \mathrm{Kg} / \mathrm{m}$
7. Find the volume of earth work in an embankment of length 2.5 km , top width of road is 7.5 m and depth is 2 m , side slope $1.5: 1$
8. The cross-section of an abutment is shown in the figure below.

Calculate the quantities for the following items for the length of 15 m (a) $C C(1: 3: 6)$ for foundation
(b) RR masonry in CM (1:6)


## 9. List the purpose of valuation

10. The cost of a newly constructed building including all provision is Rs 10, 00,000/-. Calculate monthly rent, if the reasonable interest on capital is $8 \%$

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\text { PART - B } \quad(10 \mathrm{~m} \times 5=50 \mathrm{~m})
$$

Note 1:Answer any five questions and each carries 10 marks
2:The answers should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer
11. Prepare the detailed estimate for the following items of work from the given Fig
(a) CC bed ( $1: 4: 8$ ) in foundation
(b) Brick Masonry in CM (1:5) for Basement
(c) R.C.C roof slab ( $1: 2: 4$ ) 150 mm thick

${ }^{12}$ Prepare the detailed estimate for the following items of work from the given Fig
(a) Earthwork Excavation for foundation
(b) R.R Masonry in footings
(c) Brick Masonry in CM (1:6) for super structure excluding parapet and without deductions for doors, windows and lintels

13. Prepare the data sheet and calculate the cost for the following items of work.
(a) RR masonry with $\mathrm{CM}(1: 8)$ unit- $1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
$1.05 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ Rough stone
$0.34 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \mathrm{CM}$ (1: 8)
1.8 no. Mason
$2 \cdot 8$ nos. Men mazdoor
LS Sundries
(b) Pointing to RR masonry in CM (1:5) unit- $10 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
$0.09 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \mathrm{CM}(1: 5)$
2.28 nos. Mason
0.5 nos. Men mazdoor
$1 \cdot 1$ nos. Women mazdoor
LS Sundries

Lead statement of materials :

| S1.No | Materials | Rate at <br> source(in <br> Rs) | Leads(in <br> $\mathrm{km})$ | Conveyancecharges/km |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Rough <br> stone | $320 / \mathrm{m} 3$ | 15 km | $4 \cdot 00 / \mathrm{m} 3 / \mathrm{Km}$ |
| 2 | Sand | $95 / \mathrm{m} 3$ | 10 km | $3 \cdot 00 / \mathrm{m} 3 / \mathrm{Km}$ |
| 3 | Cement | $2,500 / 10$ <br> kN | $(1$ tonne) | At site |

Labour charges :
Mason Rs 225.00/day
Men mazdoor Rs $180 \cdot 00 /$ day
Women mazdoor Rs 180•00/day
Mixing charges for CM Rs $40 \cdot 00 / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
14. Prepare a data sheet and calculate the cost of the items given below
(i) Plain cement concrete (1:4:8) for foundation $-1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
(ii) Brick work in CM (1:5) using country bricks - $1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$

Materials and labour required for $1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$

PCC (1:4:8)
$0.92 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ HBG metal
... $m^{3}$ sand
... $m^{3}$ cement
0.06 nos. mason $1^{\text {st }}$ class
0.14 nos. mason $2^{\text {nd }}$ class
1.80 nos. men mazdoors
1.4 nos. women mazdoors
L.S sundries

## Brickwork in CM (1:5)

600 nos. country bricks
$0.38 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \mathrm{CM}(1: 5)$
0.42 nos. mason $1^{\text {st }}$ class
0.98 nos. mason $2^{\text {nd }}$ class
0.70 nos. men mazdoors
2.10 nos. women mazdoors
L.S sundries

Labour charges per day and cost of materials at site:
HBG metal 40 mm size - Rs. $450 /$ cum
Sand - Rs.250/cum
Cement - Rs.3400/10 kN
Country bricks - Rs 6000/1000 nos.
Mason $1^{\text {st }}$ class $=$ Rs.350/-
Mason $2^{\text {nd }}$ class $=$ Rs.300/-
Men mazdoor $=$ Rs.240/-
Women mazdoor $=$ Rs.200/-
Hand maxing charges of CM per $\mathrm{m}^{3}=$ Rs.100/-
15. The road has following data

| chaina <br> ge | 100 | 120 | 140 | 160 | 180 | 200 | 220 | 240 | 260 | 280 | 300 | 320 | 340 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R.L of <br> ground | 149.5 | 148.30 | 150.0 | 149.95 | 148.55 | 149.9 | 150.6 | 150.9 | 151.4 | 150.7 | 151.1 | 151 | 150.60 |
| R.L of <br> formatio <br> n | 150.00 | RISNG GRADIENT 1 IN 200 | FALLLNG GRADIENT 1 IN 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The top width is 10 m and the side slope is $1: 5: 1$, Assuming that the slope of the ground in transverse direction is level. Calculate volume of earth work by trapezoidal rule

Calculate the following quantities for a septic tank shown in figure :
16. (a) Cement concrete $1: 4: 8$ for foundation
(b) 2nd class brickwork in CM (1:6)

17. Prepare the detailed estimate of the following items of work for a water bound macadam road as shown in the figure below for a length of 200 m :
(i) Collection and supply of gravel for shoulders of loose thickness 150 mm
(ii) Collection and supply of 65 mm HBG metal for base course of loose thickness 150 mm
(iii) Spreading of 40 mm HBG metal for wearing course of loose thickness 100 mm

18. Residential building Construction 12 year ago is situated on plot whose total area is $500 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. The plinth area of the building is $300 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. The present cost of construction of the building is RS 3,30,00/- and the cost of the land is RS $210 /-\mathrm{m}^{2}$. The rate of depreciation for the value of the building is $2 \%$. Calculation to total value of property

